



Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение
высшего образования

**Российская академия народного хозяйства и государственной службы
при Президенте Российской Федерации**

Олимпиада школьников РАНХиГС

Заключительный этап

Класс: 11

Профиль: ИНОСТРАННЫЙ (АНГЛИЙСКИЙ) ЯЗЫК

Фамилия: КАРАТАБАН

Имя: ЛИНА

Отчество: ЮКСЕЛЬ

Страна: РОССИЙСКАЯ ФЕДЕРАЦИЯ

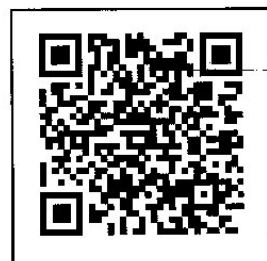
Регион: МОСКВА

ВСЕГО СТРАНИЦ

09

ПОДПИСЬ УЧАСТНИКА

Лина Каратабан



Вариант 2

Task.2.

1. I would want myself to be less stubborn and independent with my relatives in contrast with my workplace attitude. I wish I was able to just rest and let my family take care of me when they want, without feeling any guilt.

2. We have family council meetings every once in a while. I usually share my project ideas with them and use my kids' creativity sometimes as they perceive the world from a younger and more innocent angle.

3. We make field trips - my kids adore mountain climbing and hiking. While we travel, I make up some hypothetical situations and ask ~~them~~ the children what would they do. I try to let them make out their own conclusions themselves.

4. I believe that sustainability is very beneficial for both my employees - as they don't overexert, yet keep up the work progress, and for the business as ~~it~~ it grows consistently. Every panel I tell my ~~am~~ workers to relax and keep doing their ~~best~~ bare maximum.

5. I always try to face the music and remain confident in my actions. I understand that being a public figure has its own downsides, hence I just try to be careful with my deeds and accept any failures I have.



Вар. 2

Task 2.

6. Don't hold back. Explore your opportunities. You can start by doing what you do best and later widen your ken and ~~opportunities~~ possibilities. If you have an idea you believe in - try your best to bring it to life!

Task 1. a.

1. work 2. push 3. ideas 4. get

Task 1. b.

And the first thing is passion. / Freeman Thomas says, "I'm driven by my passion". / TED-stars do it for love, they don't do it for money. Carol Coletta says, "I would pay someone/ to do what I do." / And the interesting thing is, if you do it for love, the money comes anyway!

Task 1c.

1. It'd mean that you are in charge of your passion, and it's you who is driven, not anyone else.

2. It'd mean that the passion overrides your will, that it is ~~stronger~~ a very strong feeling.

3. The proper accentuation and manner of speech might captivate the listeners the same way a powerful text can.



Task 3.

Вар. 2

1. Unless conflicting priorities are resolved, organizational productivity will decrease significantly.

Q: "Unless" is used to show that the latter wouldn't happen before the first issue is solved. ~~Here~~ It is an inverted sentence, with "if" it would say that the "productivity will not decrease".

2. Communication is an essential skill of the success in the modern workplace.

Q: The subject is the main idea of the sentence and here the main issue is "communication". Hence the tone of the whole sentence wraps around the first and central word - the subject.

3. There is a global shift toward sustainability in societal values.

Q: "There is" is an introduction to the further sentence, therefore it is used in the ~~beginning~~ ~~beginning~~ beginning of the sentence to ~~bring~~ bring attention to the sentence's main part.

4. To thrive, organizations must embrace calculated risk-taking.

Q: The infinitive generalizes the action that will happen if the following is done. Also it explains what would happen to the organizations when they embrace calculated risk-taking.

5. Were it not for the technological advancements, this task would be impossible.

Q: ~~It's~~ It's the 2nd conditional and it implies that the ~~technological~~ without previous technological achievements some current problems would be unsolvable.



Task 4.

Вар. 2

1. A.

Neil had been jobless for half a year when his ~~situation became at its worst~~ situation was at ~~the~~ its worst.

2. A

~~Maggie is very grumpy and mood changing.~~

Maggie is a hot head. She can easily lose her temper with no reason.

3. D

My neighbour said he would ~~sue~~ ^{sue} me for our territorial ~~disag~~ disagreements.

4. B

The rain was showering all night long without stopping.

5. B

If you possess the most important ingredients, you won't need anything else.

6. D

Tara is very adventurous and hectic + now she's going to India.



Task 4.

Вар. 2

7. D

Ralph worries about his future retirement, you shouldn't have brought it up.

8. C

Simon is free to go after half a year in a hospital.

9. ~~A~~ A

The current state of the economy makes individuals unwanting to become entrepreneurs.

10. D

You'll receive updates of any new exam instructions.

Task 5.

1. D 2. B 3. J 4. A 5. L 6. H 7. ~~E~~ E 8. I

9. K 10. F

2. Scientific Article - B

Purpose: ~~Notify~~ To notify people about scientific ~~ach~~ achievements.

Audience: Scientists or people who are interested in science



Task 5

Воп. 2

Language Features: Specific terms, numbers, accurate ~~phrases~~ not ambivalent phrases - these features make the written seem truthful which is ~~needed~~ expected from science.

4. Political Speech - A

↓
Purpose: To Inspire listeners, to make impact on the society, to declare new ideas, regulations

Audience: Everyone (mostly adults), other politicians

Language Features: Clear, powerful texts so that everyone understands the main idea of the spoken.

5. Business News - L

P: ~~Announce~~ To announce the news from the business and economy

A: Adults, interested in business, economics or finance, people working in this field

L.F.: Specific terms, statistical ~~analyses~~ ~~analyses~~, descriptions serve to explain the processes in the ~~business~~ business world.

6. Crime Thriller Novel - H

P: ^{To} Entertain people, to tell a good story

A: Book readers, people who like mysteries

L.F.: Very descriptive, vivid adjectives used to describe the setting and emotions



Task 5.

Вар. 2

9. Legal Document - K

P.: To explain in written text the law or the juridical actions, deals, ~~processes~~ processes

A.: Courtmen, judges, politicians, people, who are interested or somehow involved in law practices, attorneys, etc.

L.F.: Precise phrases, references to the previous materials of ~~other~~ laws are used to fully explain the reader ~~what~~ the meaning of everything

10. Instruction Manual - F

P.: To help readers construct or use something

A.: Everyone (mostly adults) who buys, uses or builds something ^{which can be}

L.F.: Very straightforward language, easily comprehended by the reader so that they can independently master the used object.

Task 6.

Fallacy 1. Sentence 4.

Explanation: This is a fallacy, because it is improper to claim that everyone who drives a car is inconsiderate, sometimes people use cars ~~because it is the fastest way to get somewhere~~ due to their disabilities, ~~or other persons~~ for example but they ^{can} still care about the others.



Task 6

Вар. 2

Improved Sentence: People who drive in city centers ~~try to~~ usually try to optimize their own needs, which might be inconvenient to others.

Fallacy 2. Sentence 5.

Explanation: This is a fallacy, because banning cars wouldn't ~~change~~ completely eliminate the air pollution as it is still coming from the factories, public transport or heating systems.

Improved Sentence: Therefore, banning cars would eliminate air pollution partially and make the cities cleaner.

Fallacy 3. Sentence 7.

Expl.: This is a fallacy, because banning cars will not be the ultimate solution for ensuring the ~~the~~ safety on the roads, due to the fact that there are ~~motorbikes~~ motorcycle or even bicycle accidents.

Impr. Sentence:

For instance, if cars were banned, there would be less accidents, ensuring more safety for pedestrians and cyclists.

Fallacy 4. Sentence 9.

Expl.: This is a fallacy, because cars are not the only problem city centers have - e.g. lack of public transport, not enough ~~there are~~ parks and recreations, littering, hence banning cars won't instantly transform the cities.



Task 6

Вар. 2

Impr. Sentence: As a result, Banning cars would make city centers more peaceful and enjoyable, notwithstanding the other problems.

Fallacy 5. Sentence 11.

Expl.: This is a fallacy, because ~~the~~ the ban might not be the best way to ~~enhance~~ enhance the city life, for instance, if the city has no public transport, banning cars ~~would~~ will ~~be even~~ make the citizens' ~~less~~ their mobility worse.

Impr. Sentence: While some may oppose the ban, ~~I think that~~ some say that it might be the best way forward for cities, ~~unless~~ unless it makes the situation worse.

